

हंसराज महाविद्यालय

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय
महात्मा हंसराज मार्ग,
मलकागंज, दिल्ली - 110007
दूरभाष : 011-27667458, 27667747
ई-मेल : principal_hrc@yahoo.com
वेबसाइट : www.hansrajcollege.ac.in



HANSRAJ COLLEGE

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
Mahatma Hansraj Marg
Malkaganj, Delhi – 110007
Tel.: 011-27667458, 27667747
E-mail: principal_hrc@yahoo.com
Website: www.hansrajcollege.ac.in

NAAC ACCREDITED 'A++' GRADE COLLEGE

2022-2023

Name of the Department/Society: The Economics Society

Name of the Event: Research Kshetra

Date of the Event: 31st March 2023

HANSRAJ ECONOMICS SOCIETY
in collaboration with
DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS,
Hansraj College

Presents

रचदारचे क्षेत्र
Student Research Conference

31st March 2023 (Offline) | 1st April 2023 (Online)

12 PM onwards | 10 AM onwards

Old Seminar Room Hansraj College | MS Teams

CASH PRIZES WORTH ₹10,000

Prof (Dr) Rama (Principal) | Ms. Alka Kacker (Vice Principal) | Dr. Animesh Naskar (Staff Advisor) | Dr. Anurag Kakkar (Convenor) | Ritvika Tomar (President)

Student Coordinators: Aakanksha Mohanty (Research Head) | Khushboo Sadhwani (Research Head) | Aryan Kumar (General Secretary)

Day-1

PANELISTS:

- Dr. Anurag Kakkar
- Dr Apoorva Gupta
- Dr Bal Krishnan Negi
- Dr Namrata Yadav
- Dr Sanjeev Kumar,
- Dr. Vinod Malaya

हंसराज महाविद्यालय

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय
महात्मा हंसराज मार्ग,
मलकागंज, दिल्ली - 110007
दूरभाष : 011-27667458, 27667747
ई-मेल : principal_hrc@yahoo.com
वेबसाइट : www.hansrajcollege.ac.in



HANSRAJ COLLEGE

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
Mahatma Hansraj Marg
Malkaganj, Delhi – 110007
Tel.: 011-27667458, 27667747
E-mail: principal_hrc@yahoo.com
Website: www.hansrajcollege.ac.in

NAAC ACCREDITED 'A++' GRADE COLLEGE

INTRODUCTION

The event started with our Research Heads- Akanksha Mohanty and Khushboo Sadhwani welcomed all the participants and panellists followed by the introduction of all distinguished panellists. The President of our society- Ritvika Tomar explained to all the attendees about Research Kshetra and its purpose which was then followed by elucidating the guidelines of the event to all the participants.

PANEL 1:

GIG ECONOMY- THE BRIDGE BETWEEN BARRIERS AND BENEFITS

Poorvi Madan, the co-author of the paper, gave a brief explanation of gig economy. Each topic was thoroughly explained with the help of a carefully crafted PowerPoint presentation. She explained the purpose of the research article with references to current events such as mass firing of employees at Wipro due to moon lighting.

She provided insights on the entry barriers and economic benefits of the gig economy. The paper concluded with suggestions and emphasised on the need for regulation and made the spectators aware of the various potential benefits of the gig economy.

WILL FISCAL DEFICIT VANISH FROM INDIA IN THE COMING FUTURE ?

The presenters introduced the topic of fiscal deficit and its history in India. The purpose of the paper was to find ways to reduce the fiscal deficit. Multivariate linear regression models were used for conducting the analysis. The data for the same was obtained from publications of various esteemed authors. It was inferred from the analysis that countries with higher per capita GDP have low fiscal deficit and that there is a positive relationship between fiscal deficit and employment rate. The paper suggested that fiscal deficit cannot be vanished and the government should focus on increasing the employment rate rather than the fiscal deficit.

EXPLOITATION OF STREET VENDORS IN THE INFORMAL SECTOR

हंसराज महाविद्यालय

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय
महात्मा हंसराज मार्ग,
मलकागंज, दिल्ली - 110007
दूरभाष : 011-27667458, 27667747
ई-मेल : principal_hrc@yahoo.com
वेबसाइट : www.hansrajcollege.ac.in



HANSRAJ COLLEGE

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
Mahatma Hansraj Marg
Malkaganj, Delhi – 110007
Tel.: 011-27667458, 27667747
E-mail: principal_hrc@yahoo.com
Website: www.hansrajcollege.ac.in

NAAC ACCREDITED 'A++' GRADE COLLEGE

The presentation commenced with a brief explanation of the informal sector accompanied with well researched data. This was followed by the problems faced by street vendors such as lack of sanitation, lack of literacy, no access to formal credit, government regulation, saturated markets and the impact of lockdown on the daily lives of these informal workers. The presenter discussed the schemes introduced by the government such as PM Swanidhi Scheme, National Rural Urban Livelihood Mission, Mudra Scheme, etc.

The paper also cited solutions to these problems such as providing facilities to street vendors, focus on growth and job creation, and creating awareness.

LABOUR LAWS IN INDIA- AN IMPEDIMENT TO MANUFACTURING GROWTH

The paper explored the trends and allocation of resources in the manufacturing sector, with a focus on the three-sector hypothesis and the economy's transport of resources from agriculture to services. It also provided a literature review of Besley and Burgess' 2004 work. They compared labour laws of different countries with India, including the US, Germany, Japan, and China. Additionally, the paper conducted a comparative state analysis of flexible versus stringent labour laws, and states that have prospered under flexible labour laws. The presentation concluded by emphasising the need for government investment in capital expenditure.

DIGITAL SOCIALISM

This paper discussed the benefits of a central system for digital payments and the collection of online data in India. The introduction highlights the backstory of Aadhar and Jan Dhan Yojana and the advantages of digital payments and loans on the basis of UPI transactions. The report also explores various initiatives, such as the Swamitva scheme, Cowin portal, centralised land transfer, and Gati Shakti project which aim to optimise logistics and create digital records. Finally, the report highlights the perks of a central system, such as better data management, improved accessibility, and reduced corruption.

हंसराज महाविद्यालय

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय
महात्मा हंसराज मार्ग,
मलकागंज, दिल्ली - 110007
दूरभाष : 011-27667458, 27667747
ई-मेल : principal_hrc@yahoo.com
वेबसाइट : www.hansrajcollege.ac.in



HANSRAJ COLLEGE

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
Mahatma Hansraj Marg
Malkaganj, Delhi – 110007
Tel.: 011-27667458, 27667747
E-mail: principal_hrc@yahoo.com
Website: www.hansrajcollege.ac.in

NAAC ACCREDITED 'A++' GRADE COLLEGE



हंसराज महाविद्यालय

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय
महात्मा हंसराज मार्ग,
मलकागंज, दिल्ली - 110007
दूरभाष : 011-27667458, 27667747
ई-मेल : principal_hrc@yahoo.com
वेबसाइट : www.hansrajcollege.ac.in



HANSRAJ COLLEGE

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
Mahatma Hansraj Marg
Malkaganj, Delhi – 110007
Tel.: 011-27667458, 27667747
E-mail: principal_hrc@yahoo.com
Website: www.hansrajcollege.ac.in

NAAC ACCREDITED 'A++' GRADE COLLEGE

PANEL 2:

JAL JEEVAN MISSION

This report analyses the implementation of the Jal Jeevan Mission in the state of Odisha, with a focus on the impact of female Sarpanch on the project. The study uses data from various sources and follows a randomised allocation of Sarpanch seats among males and females. The results suggest that adding women at two levels of grassroots governance does not have a significant impact on the mission's success. Additionally, spatial correlation and omitted variables may impact the gamma coefficient. The findings are correlational, and caution must be exercised when inferring causation.

SAMPLING DISTRIBUTION OF THE PEARSON CORRELATION USING R

This research study aimed to examine the sampling distribution of the Pearson correlation coefficient which is used to measure the strength of a linear relationship between two variables. R.A. Fisher's approach was followed, and statistical software like R and Excel were used to generate random numbers and histograms to depict the data. It was found that the sampling distribution of the correlation coefficient was not normally distributed in both uniform and normal distributions. Therefore, confidence intervals are essential in making inferences about the population from the sample.

DETERMINANTS AFFECTING IMPULSIVE BUYING BEHAVIOUR IN ONLINE SHOPPING AND EMPIRICAL STUDY

This study focuses on the determinants affecting impulsive buying behaviour in online shopping and aims to identify the specific factors that influence impulse buying. The key terms in the title includes impulse buying behaviour, online shopping, and determinants and are interrelated and explored in-depth in the literature review. The study identifies various factors affecting impulse buying such as demographic factors, pandemic, level of education, financial literacy, and return policy. The research methodology involved both primary and secondary research, and a qualitative and quantitative analysis was conducted. The results indicate no gender biasness, with mostly undergraduate student populations being prone to impulsive buying. Additionally, higher income people tend to have higher impulse buying tendencies.

हंसराज महाविद्यालय

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय
महात्मा हंसराज मार्ग,
मलकागंज, दिल्ली - 110007
दूरभाष : 011-27667458, 27667747
ई-मेल : principal_hrc@yahoo.com
वेबसाइट : www.hansrajcollege.ac.in



HANSRAJ COLLEGE

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
Mahatma Hansraj Marg
Malkaganj, Delhi – 110007
Tel.: 011-27667458, 27667747
E-mail: principal_hrc@yahoo.com
Website: www.hansrajcollege.ac.in

NAAC ACCREDITED 'A++' GRADE COLLEGE

AUTOMATION AND EMPLOYMENT

This study explores the impact of Artificial Intelligence (AI) on the workforce and suggests possible solutions. The introduction defines AI and quotes John Keynes' concerns about automation. The article highlights the new problems faced by employees due to AI such as irrelevance, layoffs, and difficulty finding new jobs. The study proposes changing the definition of work and having governments provide basic necessities to their people to counter these issues. Restricting technology is not seen as a solution, and governments are urged to take steps to mitigate unemployment due to AI.

WOMEN AND EMPLOYMENT

This presentation focuses on women-centric issues in India. It used various sources of data such as the National Sample Survey, Indian Human Development Survey, and Iyer et al. The study found a decline in primary employment, an increase in education-related activities and a difference in trends between rural and urban areas. The findings suggest that factors like the median voter theorem, changing social norms and lack of education and training influence these trends. The report concludes that employment growth in primary and subsidiary activities is higher in urban areas than in rural areas.

हंसराज महाविद्यालय

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय
महात्मा हंसराज मार्ग,
मलकागंज, दिल्ली - 110007
दूरभाष : 011-27667458, 27667747
ई-मेल : principal_hrc@yahoo.com
वेबसाइट : www.hansrajcollege.ac.in



HANSRAJ COLLEGE

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
Mahatma Hansraj Marg
Malkaganj, Delhi – 110007
Tel.: 011-27667458, 27667747
E-mail: principal_hrc@yahoo.com
Website: www.hansrajcollege.ac.in

NAAC ACCREDITED 'A++' GRADE COLLEGE



हंसराज महाविद्यालय

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय
महात्मा हंसराज मार्ग,
मलकागंज, दिल्ली - 110007
दूरभाष : 011-27667458, 27667747
ई-मेल : principal_hrc@yahoo.com
वेबसाइट : www.hansrajcollege.ac.in



HANSRAJ COLLEGE

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
Mahatma Hansraj Marg
Malkaganj, Delhi – 110007
Tel.: 011-27667458, 27667747
E-mail: principal_hrc@yahoo.com
Website: www.hansrajcollege.ac.in

NAAC ACCREDITED 'A++' GRADE COLLEGE

Day- 2

Date : 1st April, 2023

Time : 10 am

Venue : MS Teams

Panellists of the discussion

- Dr. Anurag Kakkar,
- Dr Apoorva Gupta ,
- Dr Bal Krishnan Negi,
- Dr Namrata Yadav,
- Dr Sanjeev Kumar,
- Dr. Vinod Malaya
-
-

INTRODUCTION

The event was conducted online on MS Teams. It began with a welcoming note for all the participants. The event featured a diverse range of students each bringing their unique perspectives and presentations to the table.

PANEL 3:

PRADHAN MANTRI GRAM SEVAK YOJNA

This study focuses on the Pradhan Mantri Gram Sevak Yojana (PMGSY), a flagship launched by the government of India. The paper starts with introduction and tells about its 3 phases and ways in which funds are allocated to it . further data and literature is holistically explained. Research paper ends with limitations of the project and its conclusion.

PREDICT FEMALE STERILISATION REGRET IN INDIA

This research focuses on Using Machine Learning to predict Female Sterilisation Regret in India. The research started with explaining regret in neoclassical economics then explaining The Economics Society [2022-23]

हंसराज महाविद्यालय

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय
महात्मा हंसराज मार्ग,
मलकागंज, दिल्ली - 110007
दूरभाष : 011-27667458, 27667747
ई-मेल : principal_hrc@yahoo.com
वेबसाइट : www.hansrajcollege.ac.in



HANSRAJ COLLEGE

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
Mahatma Hansraj Marg
Malkaganj, Delhi – 110007
Tel.: 011-27667458, 27667747
E-mail: principal_hrc@yahoo.com
Website: www.hansrajcollege.ac.in

NAAC ACCREDITED 'A++' GRADE COLLEGE

behavioural consequences of regret which are all interconnected and thoroughly explored in a holistic way. The research identifies a main variable variety of factors influencing Sterilisation Regret in India. The study methodology included logistic regression with L1 penalty and random forest. The findings show test data (f1 score) (LR model) :.57 and test data (F1 score) (RF model) :.62. It ended with providing policy implications of Sterilisation Regret in India.

TEMPERATURE FLUCTUATIONS AFFECT WAGES AND GENDER GAP

This study examines how temperature fluctuations affect wages and gender gaps. The research collects data on how temperature, topography and precipitation affects economic activities from a variety of sources. Then it gives its literature overview explaining about its immediate, lagged and long term effect. According to the data about wage and temperature, then provided an estimating equation. Her findings also include a clear explanation of wage gap and ended with concluding remarks.

CRIME, VIOLENCE AND DEVELOPMENT

The presentation started with a brief explanation of the interrelation between crime, development and violence. This was followed by a comparison between the Netherlands and Bolivarian Republics. The speaker discussed the two cycles then diagnosed it. The second part of the paper contains approaches to measure development or opportunity cost of violence.

PANEL-4:

SEARCH ENGINE OPTIMIZATION AND SEARCH ENGINE MARKETING (PAY-PER-CLICK)"

The presenter used a PowerPoint presentation to explain her research on SEO and SEM. She gave an overview of the concepts, explained the factors affecting their performance, described her research design and data collection methods, and presented her findings. She found that SEO and SEM are complementary strategies and gave recommendations to improve their performance. She concluded with a summary, thanked the audience, and received positive feedback from judges and attendees.

हंसराज महाविद्यालय

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय
महात्मा हंसराज मार्ग,
मलकागंज, दिल्ली - 110007
दूरभाष : 011-27667458, 27667747
ई-मेल : principal_hrc@yahoo.com
वेबसाइट : www.hansrajcollege.ac.in



HANSRAJ COLLEGE

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
Mahatma Hansraj Marg
Malkaganj, Delhi – 110007
Tel.: 011-27667458, 27667747
E-mail: principal_hrc@yahoo.com
Website: www.hansrajcollege.ac.in

NAAC ACCREDITED 'A++' GRADE COLLEGE

MENTAL HEALTH STIGMA IN THE I.T SECTOR

Dilpreet Kaur presented her research paper on "Mental Health Stigma in the I.T Sector" at an event. She defined mental health stigma and cited statistics showing its prevalence in the IT sector. She conducted an online survey among 200 IT professionals to measure their level of perceived stigma, self-stigma, and disclosure stigma. She presented her findings, including the negative correlation between stigma and mental health status, coping strategies, job satisfaction, and productivity, and the positive correlation between stigma and turnover intention. Dilpreet Kaur discussed implications for reducing mental health stigma, such as increasing awareness, providing mental health services, and creating a culture of openness. She acknowledged the limitations of her study and suggested directions for future research. The presentation was well-received, and the audience raised several questions regarding her data analysis methods.

J-CURVE EFFECT IN INDIA-USA COMMODITY TRADE

Muhammad Rafi presented his research on the J-curve effect in India-USA commodity trade. He defined the J-curve effect as a period of negative returns followed by a gradual recovery. He used monthly data from January 2000 to December 2020 and a vector error correction model to capture the long- and short-run dynamics. He found an asymmetric J-curve effect, where positive shocks to the exchange rate led to short-term deterioration and long-term improvement, and negative shocks led to short-term improvement and long-term deterioration. He attributed the asymmetry to factors such as price elasticity and adjustment costs. He discussed policy implications and limitations. The presentation was well-received, with several questions and feedback from the audience. Muhammad Rafi demonstrated excellent research and communication skills. The presentation lasted for 20 minutes, followed by 10 minutes of discussion. It was one of the highlights of the event and added to the literature on international trade and exchange rate dynamics.

JAPAN AND ITS REVERSE MALTHUSIAN CONUNDRUM

Prisha Visveswaran presented her research article on Japan's reverse Malthusian Conundrum. She introduced the Malthusian theory and explained how Japan is facing a decline in population due to low fertility rates and ageing. She highlighted the economic and social implications of this demographic trend and discussed the possible solutions Japan has adopted or could adopt to address this challenge. She suggested some alternative measures Japan could consider, such as

हंसराज महाविद्यालय

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय
महात्मा हंसराज मार्ग,
मलकागंज, दिल्ली - 110007
दूरभाष : 011-27667458, 27667747
ई-मेल : principal_hrc@yahoo.com
वेबसाइट : www.hansrajcollege.ac.in



HANSRAJ COLLEGE

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
Mahatma Hansraj Marg
Malkaganj, Delhi – 110007
Tel.: 011-27667458, 27667747
E-mail: principal_hrc@yahoo.com
Website: www.hansrajcollege.ac.in

NAAC ACCREDITED 'A++' GRADE COLLEGE

raising the retirement age and fostering a pro-natalist culture. She concluded her presentation by summarizing her main points and stating her research questions and hypotheses. The presentation was well-received by the audience, and the question and answer session was lively and engaging. Prisha answered all the questions satisfactorily and politely. The presentation was evaluated by a panel of judges who praised her for the originality, relevance, and rigour of her research topic. They also commended her for her effective communication skills and audience engagement. Overall, Prisha's presentation was a success and a reflection of her academic excellence and potential as a researcher in the field of Economics.

PANEL-5:

ECONOMIC GROWTH VIS-A-VIS : A LATENT BOOM

India witnessed tremendous changes in the 21st century. The objective was to examine the correlation between population and economic growth. The research builds on growth models- The Solow Model and The Romer model in particular- to develop the thesis. They focused on drawing the conclusion of the population being an imperative catalyst to observe prosperity in other areas of modern economies. The soft power of population was emphasised because sustained exchange of ideas and scientific knowledge have augmented the potential of alliances and multilateralism. The question of population is baner not cannot be answered but it was concluded that with it's tremendous potential, it can behelpful in the transition to a knowledge economy. The research paper was presented by Bharat, Arushi and Rajdeep.

EDUCATION AND INEQUALITY

The paper was presented by Lakshya. In the paper, after a brief discussion of inequality in education, analysis of regional inequality, gender-based inequality and parental income effect on educational inequality was done, followed by the critical evaluation of government policies and their impact on reducing inequality. The study included both primary and secondary data. The variables included in the analysis to examine inequality are gender, parental income and geographical location of students and institutions. She concluded in her research paper after discussing all the factors that inequality based on region is a greater issue as compared with gender and parental income. Comprehensive research based on allthe factors was presented.



NAAC ACCREDITED 'A++' GRADE COLLEGE

PETROLEUM TAX RATES AND DEVELOPMENT

The scope of the paper was to find whether there exists a causal relationship between the economic performance of Indian states and their petroleum taxation rates. They presented a comprehensive research by looking in the existing state wise petroleum taxation framework, developing a theoretical economic base of the analysis and practical analysis (using fiscal deficit, interest rates, tax-GDP ratio) Tamil Nadu and Assam's economic situation and fiscal policies.

Meeting in "General"

01:01:31

PMGSY

$$Ydt = \alpha + \beta_1 PMGSY * Post + \beta_2 PMGSY + \beta_3 Post + ut$$

Ydt is the outcome of variables in district d, at time t.

PMGSY is the dummy variable for whether the habitations were connected during the period 2015-16 to 2018-19.

Post is the time period indicator variable. It indicates whether the time period is 2015-16 or 2018-19.

Control Group: Districts which did not get habitations connected were control group. These are districts where habitations were not connected during the period 2015-16 and 2018-19.

Hansraj College, DI, India

Latitude: 28°40'46"N Longitude: 77°12'37"E Temperature: 23°C

Saturday, 01, Apr, 2023 11:13 AM

Participants: 47

Meeting in "General"

01:27:46

Introduction & Snapshot

- Temperature, Precipitation, topography influence conducting of economic activities
 - Any shock in these factors should have a ripple effect
 - Especially, Agriculture
- Agricultural sector riddled with wage gap. Increase in wages of labour and productivity

Key Findings:

- Temp. Dev. (Abnormal) increase by 1°C result in a decrease in daily wages of men (by 147 Rupees/day) and women (by 56 Rupees/day)
- Wage-gap, determined by type of labour (male vs. female)
- Persistence of this effect decreases over time

Hansraj College, DI, India

Latitude: 28°40'46"N Longitude: 77°12'37"E Temperature: 23°C

Saturday, 01, Apr, 2023 11:14 AM

Participants: 49

हंसराज महाविद्यालय

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय
महात्मा हंसराज मार्ग,
मलकागंज, दिल्ली - 110007
दूरभाष : 011-27667458, 27667747
ई-मेल : principal_hrc@yahoo.com
वेबसाइट : www.hansrajcollege.ac.in



HANSRAJ COLLEGE

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
Mahatma Hansraj Marg
Malkaganj, Delhi – 110007
Tel.: 011-27667458, 27667747
E-mail: principal_hrc@yahoo.com
Website: www.hansrajcollege.ac.in

NAAC ACCREDITED 'A++' GRADE COLLEGE

हंसराज महाविद्यालय

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय
महात्मा हंसराज मार्ग,
मलकागंज, दिल्ली - 110007
दूरभाष : 011-27667458, 27667747
ई-मेल : principal_hrc@yahoo.com
वेबसाइट : www.hansrajcollege.ac.in



HANS RAJ COLLEGE

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
Mahatma Hansraj Marg
Malkaganj, Delhi - 110007
Tel.: 011-27667458, 27667747
E-mail: principal_hrc@yahoo.com
Website: www.hansrajcollege.ac.in

NAAC ACCREDITED 'A++' GRADE COLLEGE

ATTENDEES:

ATTENDEES

Research kshetra
Date - 31st March 2023
Venue - Old Seminar
Room
Hansraj College
University of Delhi

HANSRAJ ECONOMICS SOCIETY

Name	Roll No.	College	Signature
Sehaj Negi	5987	HRC (Hansraj)	Sehaj
Hardik Tamar	5833	HRC (Hansraj)	Hardik
Abhinav Alok	5811	HRC (Hansraj)	Abhinav
Moksh Aggarwal	5937	(Hansraj)	Moksh
UJJWAL	5867	Hansraj College	Ujjwal
Anshu Jain	5804	Hansraj	Anshu
Sachin	5849	Hansraj	Sachin
Utkarsh Dhakelia	5943	Hansraj	Utkarsh
Shivay Gupta	5928	Hansraj College	Shivay Gupta
Shayon Upadhaya	5818	Hansraj College	Shayon
Stanzin Tigmeh	5909	HRC	Stanzin
Jatin Dhillon	5858	HRC	Jatin
Tanish Batra	5831	HRC	Tanish

Scanned by TapScanner

हंसराज महाविद्यालय

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय
महात्मा हंसराज मार्ग,
मलकागंज, दिल्ली - 110007
दूरभाष : 011-27667458, 27667747
ई-मेल : principal_hrc@yahoo.com
वेबसाइट : www.hansrajcollege.ac.in



HANS RAJ COLLEGE

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
Mahatma Hansraj Marg
Malkaganj, Delhi - 110007
Tel.: 011-27667458, 27667747
E-mail: principal_hrc@yahoo.com
Website: www.hansrajcollege.ac.in

NAAC ACCREDITED 'A++' GRADE COLLEGE

Name	Roll no.	College	Signature
Aakanksha Mechanty	1399	Hansraj College	Aakanksha Mechanty
Chetanija Tamta	5895	Hansraj College	Chetanija Tamta
Khrushboo Sadhwani	1336	Hansraj College	Khrushboo
Khushi Yadav	5881	Hansraj College	Khushi
Jeeran Manoj	1202	Hansraj College	Jeeran
Garvita Bamal	5845	Hansraj College	Garvita
Simran Kaur	1221	Hansraj College	Simran
Adeel Ali	2651	Hansraj College	Adeel
Harshil Podder	1213	Hansraj College	Harshil Podder
Ritika Tomar	1222	Hansraj College	Ritika
Prachi Patidar	1268	Hansraj College	Prachi
Jyotsna Singh	1326	Hansraj College	Jyotsna
Vedant Upadhyaya	5808	Hansraj College	Vedant Upadhyaya
Riya Malhotra	5840	Hansraj College	Riya
Anidul Popli	8842	Hansraj College	Anidul
Hirab Khara	5839	Hansraj College	Hirab
Kartik Shokeen	5372	Hansraj College	Kartik
Runna Jangra	5456	Hansraj College	Runna

Scanned by TapScanner

हंसराज महाविद्यालय

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय
महात्मा हंसराज मार्ग,
मलकागंज, दिल्ली - 110007
दूरभाष : 011-27667458, 27667747
ई-मेल : principal_hrc@yahoo.com
वेबसाइट : www.hansrajcollege.ac.in



HANS RAJ COLLEGE

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
Mahatma Hansraj Marg
Malkaganj, Delhi - 110007
Tel.: 011-27667458, 27667747
E-mail: principal_hrc@yahoo.com
Website: www.hansrajcollege.ac.in

NAAC ACCREDITED 'A++' GRADE COLLEGE

Name	Roll no.	College	Signature
Harjeet Kumar Jindal	6540	Hansraj College	[Signature]
Megha Rai	1223	Hansraj College	[Signature]
Aryan Kumar	1320	Hansraj College	[Signature]
Utkaesh Bagri	5847	Hansraj College	[Signature]
Saurabh	3278	Hansraj College	[Signature]
Kush Ray	4126	Ramjas College	[Signature]
K. Bhuvan	2542	Hansraj College	[Signature]
Samyam	1266	Hansraj	[Signature]
Jasjeet Arora	5820	Hansraj College	[Signature]
Jahnvi Ravi	1299	Hansraj College	[Signature]

Scanned by TapScanner